

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL SDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2347)

# PRODUCT NAME: EVERCLEAR GRANULAR CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

EPA Registration Number: 1258-1069-75284

## SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Arch Chemicals, Inc. 1200 Bluegrass Lakes Parkway	REVISION DATE: SUPERCEDES:	06/03/2015 05/27/2015
Alpharetta, GA 30004	MSDS Number: SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY:	00000023510 None Hypochlorite
	DESCRIPTION / USE FORMULA:	Sanitizer and OxidizerWater treatment chemical NOT APPLICABLE/MIXTURE

# **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### GHS Classification

Oxidizing solids	:	Category 2
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Category 4
Skin corrosion	:	Category 1B
Serious eye damage	:	Category 1
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3

#### **GHS Label element**

<b>ÁRCH</b>	Arch Chemicals, Inc.	SAFETY DATA SHEET
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: H272 May intensify fire; ox H302 Harmful if swallowed H314 Causes severe skin H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respirato	l. burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	other ignition sources. No s P220 Keep/Store away fro P221 Take any precaution P260 Do not breathe vapo P264 Wash hands thoroug P270 Do not eat, drink or s P271 Use only outdoors or P280 Wear protective glov face protection. <b>Response:</b> P301 + P312 IF SWALLOV doctor/ physician if you fee P301 + P330 + P331 IF SV induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON immediately all contaminat shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: rest in a position comfortat P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN several minutes. Remove of do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a PO P363 Wash contaminated P370 + P378 In case of fire foam, dry chemical or carb <b>Storage:</b> P403 + P233 Store in a we tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. <b>Disposal:</b>	m clothing/ combustible materials. to avoid mixing with combustibles. urs. why after handling. smoke when using this product. in a well-ventilated area. es/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ WED: Call a POISON CENTER or el unwell. WALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT N SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off ted clothing. Rinse skin with water/ Remove victim to fresh air and keep at ble for breathing. EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for contact lenses, if present and easy to OISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. clothing before reuse. e: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant

Other hazards

None known.



## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	<u>CAS #</u> 7778-54-3	<u>% RANGE</u> 60 - 80
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	10 - 20
CALCIUM CHLORATE	10137-74-3	0-5
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	10043-52-4	0-5
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	0 - 4
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	0-5
Water	7732-18-5	5.5 - 10

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Advice:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Inhalation:	IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Ingestion:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Notes to Physician:	Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.



## **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability Summary (OSHA): This product is chemically reactive with many substances. Any contamination of the product with other substances by spill or otherwise may result in a chemical reaction and fire., This product is a strong oxidizer which is capable of intensifying a fire once started., Product is not known to be flammable, combustible or pyrophoric. Flammable Properties Flash Point: Not applicable Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Extinguishing Media: Water only. Do not use dry extinguishers containing ammonium compounds. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. See Section 6 for Fire Fighting Instructions: protective equipment for fire fighting. Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit, Not applicable % in air: Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit, Not applicable % in air:

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Protection for Emergency Situations:	Response to a large quantity spill (100 pounds or greater) or when dusting or decomposition gas exposure could occur requires the use of a positive pressure full face supplied air repirator or self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and boots. In case of fire, this personal protective equipment should be used in addition to normal fire fighter equipment.
Spill Mitigation Procedures	
Air Release:	Vapors may be suppressed by the use of water fog. All water utilized to assist in fume suppression, decontamination or fire suppression may be contaminated and must be contained before disposal and/or treatment.
Water Release:	This product is heavier than water. This material is soluble in water. Monitor all exit water for available chlorine and pH. Advise local authorities of any contaminated water release.

	Arch Chemicals,	SAFETY DATA SHEET
	<b>Inc.</b>	
Land Release:	case of a spill, separate all spilled and other material. Using a clean product into plastic bags, and plac disposal container, properly mark containers made of plastic or met disposal containers tightly. Immed disposal containers to an isolated packaging material in a disposal of decontamination (i.e. removal of a	taminated. Contaminated product hat may spontaneously ignite any ulting in a fire of great intensity. In a product from packaging, debris broom or shovel, place all spilled ce those bags into a clean, dry ed and labeled. Disposal al are recommended. Do not seal diately remove all product in area outdoors. Place all damaged container of water to assure all product) before disposal. Place ean, dry container properly marked
Additional Spill Information :	immediately downwind. Remove a of spill as soon as possible and n Dispose of spill residues per guide Consideration. This material may	elines under Section 13, Disposal be neutralized for disposal; you emicals at 1-800-654-6911 before OR ALL TRANSPORTATION : 1-800-424-9300 REPORTABLE

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling:

Storage:

Shelf Life Limitations:

Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Keep product tightly sealed in original containers. Store product in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from combustible or flammable products. Keep product packaging clean and free of all contamination, including, e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc. Do not store product where the average daily temperature exceeds 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products. Shelf life (that is, the period of time before the product goes below stated label strength) is determined by storage time and temperatures. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Prolonged storage at elevated temperatures will significantly shorten the shelf life. Storage in a climate controlled storage area or building is recommended in those areas where extremes of high temperature occur.



Incompatible Materials for Storage:	Do not allow product to come in contact with other materials, including e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc. A chemical reaction with such substances can cause a fire of great
Do Not Store At temperatures Above:	intensity. Average daily temperature of 35° C / 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products.

# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Ventilation: Protective Equipment for Ro	Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit. butine Use of Product
Respiratory Protection :	Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are possible.
Respirator Type :	A NIOSH approved full-face air purifying respirator equipped with combination chlorine/P100 cartridges. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the published limit.

Skin Protection :	Wear impervious gloves to avoid skin contact. A full impervious suit is
	recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of the body. A safety
	shower should be provided in the immediate work area.
Eye Protection:	Use chemical goggles. Emergency eyewash should be provided in the
	immediate work area.
Protective Clothing Type:	Neoprene, Nitrile, Natural rubber (This includes: gloves, boots, apron,
	protective suit)

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components (CAS-No.)	Value	Control parameters	Basis (Update)
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (7778-54-3)	TWA	1 mg/m3	ARCH OEL*
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (7778-54-3)	Conc	37 - 48 mg/m3	NIOSH/GUIDE IDLH
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH (02 2014)

ARCH OEL: Arch Recommended Occupational Exposure Guideline.



# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical State: Form Color: Odor: Molecular Weight: pH : Boiling Point: Melting point/freezing	solid Free flowing, granular white Chlorine-like (Active ingredient)143.00 g/mol 10.4 - 10.8 (1% solution in neutral, distilled water) (@ 25 Deg. C) Not applicable Not applicable
point Density:	0.8g/cc
Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Viscosity: Fat Solubility: Solubility in Water:	<ul> <li>(@ 25 Deg. C) Not applicable Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>No data</li> <li>18 % (@ 25 Deg. C) Product also contains calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate which will leave a residue.</li> </ul>
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water: Evaporation Rate: Oxidizing: Volatiles, % by vol.:	No data Not applicable Oxidizer Not applicable
VOC Content HAP Content	This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489). This product does not contain any VOC exemptions listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 450. Not applicable

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability and Reactivity Summary:	Product is not sensitive to mechanical shock or impact. Product is not sensitive to electrical static discharge. Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization. Product is an NFPA Class 3 oxidizer which can cause a severe increase in fire intensity. Not pyrophoric. Not an organic peroxide. If subjected to excessive temperatures, the product may undergo rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas, and heat sufficient to ignite combustible substances. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter. Use copious amounts of water for fires involving this product.
Conditions to Avoid:	Do not store next to heat source, in direct sunlight, or elevated storage temperature. Do not store where the daily average temperature exceeds 95 °F. Prevent ingress of humidity and moisture into container or package. Always close the lid.
Chemical Incompatibility:	This product is chemically reactive with many substances, including, e.g., other pool treatment products, acids, organics, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers



(containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, corrosive ,flammable or combustible materials. Do not allow product to contact any foreign matter, including other water treatment products. Contamination or improper use may cause a fire of great intensity, explosion or the release of toxic gases. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter. Chlorine

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition Temperature:

REVISION DATE : 06/03/2015

170 - 180 °C - , 338 - 356 °F-

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component Animal Toxic Oral LD50 value:	ology			
CALCIUM	LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) 850 mg/kg Rat			
HYPOCHLORITE				
SODIUM CHLORIDE	LD50 = 3,000 mg/kg Rat			
	LD50 = 1,000  mg/kg  Rat			
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	LD50 = 7,340 mg/kg Rat			
Component Animal Toxic				
Dermal LD50 value:	ology			
CALCIUM	LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit			
HYPOCHLORITE				
SODIUM CHLORIDE	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg Rabbit			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	LD50 = 2,630 mg/kg Rat			
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	No data			
Component Animal Toxic	ology			
Inhalation LC50 value: CALCIUM	Inhalation LC50 1 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = 2.04 mg/l			
HYPOCHLORITE	Rat			
Inhalation LC50 4 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = 0.51 mg/l				
	Rat			
SODIUM CHLORIDE	Inhalation LC50 1 h > 42 mg/l Rat			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	No data			
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	No data			
Product Animal Toxicity				
Oral LD50 value: LD50 Approximately 800 mg/kg Rat				
Dermal LD50 value: LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit				
EVERCLEAR GRANULAR CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE				

Page 8 of 14



Inhalation LC50 value:	Inhalation LC50 1.00 h (Nose Only) > 2.04 mg/l Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (Nose Only) > 0.51 mg/l Rat Inhalation LC50 1 h (Nose Only) > 2.04 mg/l Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (Nose Only) > 0.51 mg/l Rat			
Skin Irritation:	DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION., WET MATERIAL			
Eye Irritation: Skin Sensitization:	CAUSES SKIN BURNS. Corrosive to eyes. This material is not known or reported to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.			
Acute Toxicity:	This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause rritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. The dry material is irritating to he skin. However when wet, it will produce burns to the skin.			
Subchronic / Chronic Toxicity:	There are no known or reported effects from repeated exposure except those secondary to burns.			
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	Calcium hypochlorite has been tested for teratogenicity in laboratory animals. Results of this study have shown that calcium hypochlorite is not a teratogen.			
CALCIUM CH	LORIDE Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.			
Mutagenicity: Calcium hypochlorite has been tested in the Dominant lethal assay in n mice, and it did not induce a dominant lethal response. Calcium hypoch has been reported to produce mutagenic activity in two in vitro assays. has, however, been shown to lack the capability to produce mutations i animals based on results from the micronucleus assay. In vitro assays frequently are inappropriate to judge the mutagenic potential of bacteric chemicals due to a high degree of cellular toxicity. The concentration w produces mutations in these in vitro assays is significantly greater than concentrations used for disinfection. Based on high cellular toxicity in ir assays and the lack of mutagenicity in animals, the risk of genetic dama to humans is judged not significant.				
CALCIUM CH	LORIDE This product was determined to be non-mutagenic in the Ames assay. It was also shown to be non- clastogenic in the chromosomal aberration test.			
Carcinogenicity: CALCIUM CH	<ul> <li>This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA. One hundred mice were exposed dermally 3 times a week for 18 months to a solution of calcium hypochlorite. Histopathological examination failed to show an increased incidence of tumors. IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) reviewed studies conducted with several hypochlorite salts. IARC has classified hypochlorite salts as having inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity to humans and animals. IARC therefore considers hypochlorite salts to be not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3 Substance).</li> <li>LORIDE This chemical is not known or reported to be</li> </ul>			
	carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP, or EPA.			



## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Overview:

Highly toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.

#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Bluegill Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri), Daphnia magna,	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.088 mg/l (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.16 mg/l (nominal, static). 48 h LC50 0.11 mg/l
Bobwhite quail	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Mallard ducklings	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Bobwhite quail	-	Oral LD50 3,474 mg/kg

#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM CHLORIDE

Bluegill Mosquito fish Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 10,650 mg/l (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 13,400 mg/l (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 4,630 mg/l
Daphnia magna, Ceriodaphnia dubia Nitzschia linearis (diatom)	-	(nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 2,770 mg/l (nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 1,830 mg/l (nominal, static). 5 day LC50 = 3,130 mg/l

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary :	If this product becomes a waste, it meets the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261 and would have the following EPA hazardous waste number: D001.If this product becomes a waste, it will be a hazardous waste which is subject to the Land Disposal restrictions under 40 CFR 268 and must be managed accordingly.
Disposal Methods :	As a hazardous solid waste it should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
Potential US EPA Waste Codes :	D001



# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

<b>DOT</b> UN number Description of the goods Class Packing group Labels Emergency Response Guidebook Number	<ul> <li>2880</li> <li>Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixtures</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>II</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>140</li> </ul>
<b>TDG</b> UN number Description of the goods Class Packing group Labels	<ul> <li>2880</li> <li>CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>II</li> <li>5.1</li> </ul>
IATA UN number Description of the goods Class Packing group Labels Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	<ul> <li>2880</li> <li>Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixture</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>II</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>562</li> <li>558</li> <li>Y544</li> </ul>
IMDG-CODE UN number Description of the goods Class Packing group Labels EmS Number 1 EmS Number 2	<ul> <li>2880</li> <li>CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>II</li> <li>5.1</li> <li>F-H</li> <li>S-Q</li> </ul>
Marine pollutant	: yes

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**



This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

Signal word Hazard statements	-	DANGER! Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Corrosive. Causes skin burns. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. This pesticide is toxic to fish.
----------------------------------	---	---

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Calcium hypochlorite	7778-54-3	10	

#### **SARA 302**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### **SARA 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

#### **Clean Water Act**

The following Hazardous Substances are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A:

Calcium hypochlorite 7778-54-3



The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

Calcium hypochlorite

7778-54-3

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

#### **US State Regulations**

Massachusetts Right To Know

	Calcium hypochlorite Calcium carbonate Calcium chlorate Calcium dihydroxide	7778-54-3 471-34-1 10137-74-3 1305-62-0
Pennsylvania Right To Know		
	Calcium hypochlorite Sodium chloride Calcium carbonate Calcium chlorate Calcium chloride Calcium dihydroxide	7778-54-3 7647-14-5 471-34-1 10137-74-3 10043-52-4 1305-62-0
New Jersey Right To Know		
	Calcium hypochlorite Sodium chloride Calcium carbonate Calcium chlorate Calcium chloride Calcium dihydroxide	7778-54-3 7647-14-5 471-34-1 10137-74-3 10043-52-4 1305-62-0
California Prop 65		

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : This is an EPA registered pesticide.

#### Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (USA)

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

SECTIONS REVISED: 7, 10, 14



Major References :

Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICALS BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT.